FOSTERING GAMES OF CHANCE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE YOUTH OF THE CITY.

WHILE CHIEF DEVERY IS BLIND TO THE EX-ISTENCE OF GAMBLING HOUSES, HIS PO-

LICEMEN GO ABOUT CLUBBING

INOFFENSIVE CITIZENS. Now that Tammany Hall is running the police force, every poor messenger boy who wants to invest the 10-cent tip some kind person has given him in a lottery ticket and so win thousands for himself has the opportunity of doing so. Tammany also would not prohibit a struggling young clerk from investing his few dollars in a ticket on a race. Tammany would not stand in the way of the newsboy who wants to take his 35 cents and win a few dollars, so that he could take his poor aged mother out of the city for the summer. Tammany is essentially a philanthropic organization. It believes in helping and fostering all these laudable desires. Therefore, lawmakers who cannot understan! the wishes and wants of the public are allowed to make laws, but Tammany kindly forgets to

This philanthropic desire on the part of Tam many is well known to those benevolent persons who delight to act as the medium by which the newsboy, the flower girl, the clerk or the barber can invest his money in lottery tickets, racetrack wagers and so on, and get suddenly rich, and consequently rooms have been opened where they can be accommodated. These Tammany "soup kitchens" are scattered everywhere. Hundreds and hundreds of poolrooms are in full blast. In a score of barber shops and even on the street in the Tenderloin, tickets in the Honduras lottery can be purchased.

MORE NUMEROUS THAN EVER.

game of chance is represented are more numerous than ever. Tammany Hall does not intend a worthy young man from making his fortune at the wheel or over the pasteboard cards Chief Devery says that the poolrooms and gambling he ses are not open, but he denies it out of kindness of heart like the fond uncle wouldn't tell when he saw his nephe steal the jam. Of course, there are people who think this may be a mistaken theory on the part of Tammany and a misplaced charity-but Temmany doesn't think so, and these eleemosy nary institutions, fostered and cared for by Tammany, are flourishing, and have expanded beyond any previous record in the city.

The roughness and brutality of the policemen have been spoken of much of late, and many stories have been told of their vicious brutality. The following case is a striking example: Policeman James Regan, of the Madison-st. station, was arrested by Deputy-Sheriff Walgering and locked up in Ludlow Street Jail, on an order signed by Justice Stover, in the Supreme Court in an action to recover \$25,000 for assault and battery, instituted against him by Max Rosenberg, a tailor, of No. 64 Rutgers-st Bail was fixed at \$250, which Regan could not give. The allegations made by Rosenberg in his complaint and affidavit present a horrible tale of brutality on the part of the policeman CLUBBED BY THE POLICEMAN.

last, about 9:30 o'clock, he was sitting ench outside Rutgers Park, when Regan, who was under the influence of liquor, came along. He chased everybody out of the park, and then turned his attention to Rosenberg. whom he struck several times on the head and back with his club. Rosenberg says he became dazed from the blows, and that he was unable to move away. Regan then grabbed him by the throat, called him names of a filthy character, and abused him. He next dragged him through Monroe-st. toward the Madison-st. station, with a large crowd following him and denouncing him for his brutality. The people in the crowd begged him several times not to hurt the plain-

crowd was, Rosenberg avers: "I'll shoot any-body who dares to come near me." He then pulled his fevolver, which caused the crowd to stand back. "I being a small man and he a very big one." Rosenberg declares, "I was unstand back. "I being a small man and he avery big one." Rosenbegg declares, "I was unable to do anything to prevent the murderous assaults he was making upon me. When the crowd drew back, he replaced his pistol and held me by the throat with one hand, and struck me violently with his other fist on both jaws, breaking them both. He continued to drag me along until we got to the station house, where he made charges against me, but the sergeant, at the desk, when he saw the intoxicated condition in which Regan was, immediately discharged me.

charged me.
"I was taken to Gouverneur Hospital, where
I was confined to bed for five days, and my head
was enclosed in plaster of paris. I have since
been attended by Dr. Isaac Sossnitz and Dr.
Steinberg, of the Mount Sinal Hospital, and will

Steinberg, of the Mount Sinal Hospital, and will have to submit to an operation on Friday, as one side of my jaw has festered, and it may be necessary to remove part of the bone."

Rosenberg says that he at first intended to institute criminal proceedings against Regan and have him arrested, but that overtures were made to him on Regan's part to accept a mone. and have him arrested, but that overtures were made to him on Regan's part to accept a mone-tary compensation for the injuries he had re-ceived. As he was a poor man he agreed to take \$500, and a meeting was arranged, at which a roll of bills, as he thought, was handed over to him.

CHARGED WITH BLACKMAIL.

On examining the roll, he found that the only bill in it was the outside one, which was a \$1 bill, and which inclosed a roll of green paper. While examining his money, and before he had time to remonstrate, he was arrested on the charge of blackmailing Regan, and was taken before Magistrate Flammer, in Essex Market Police Court, where he was arraigned on that charge. Magistrate Flammer, when he had heard his story, at once discharged him, and de-nounced his arrest as an outrage. Rosenberg at once consulted Morris Gottlieb, the lawyer, who once consulted Morris Gottlieb, the lawyer, who prepared the complaint and affidavit on which

Regan was arrested.

The conduct of Regan will also be brought before the Police Commissioners, with a view to his dismissal, and he will probably be criminally

The Police Commissioners yesterday afternoon The Police Commissioners yesterday arternoon began an investigation into the recent jailibreaking in the East One-hundred-and-twenty-sixth and West Forty-seventh-st. stations. The investigations are not trials, although charges are pending against Doorman Sharpe, of the West Forty-seventh-st. station, and Acting Doorman Carroll, of the East One-hundred-and-twenty-

sixth-st. station.

A colored man named Harris, who had shot an-A colored man named Harris, who had shot another colored man, escaped from the East One-hundred-and-twenty-sixth-st, station through a hole in his cell and another in the outer wall of the prison, which had been made by a contractor who was shoring up the building. Twin brothers named Tocci, who had stabled a boy, escaped from the West Forty-seventh-st, station by lifting their cell doors, the doors, it is said, being ing their cell doors, the doors, it is said, being ones which had been taken from another station.

ones which had been taken from another station.

The Board, by a resolution, directed the Committee on Rules and Discipline to investigate the escapes and report. Captain Sheehan, of the East One-hundred-and-twenty-sixth-st. station, and Captain Thomas, of the West Forty-seventh-st.; station, were subpoensed, as well as some sergeants from each station, the doormen and some of the patrolmen.

THIEF VISITS GERALD H. GRAY. A BURGLAR FOUND IN THE HOME OF THE ASSIST-

ANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY. The home of Assistant District Attorney Gerald

Hull Gray, of the staff of Mr. Gardiner, was robbed at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and after an exciting chase along Fourth-ave. the man was capttured. He is James Higgins, eighteen years old, of No. 402 East Twenty-fourth-st., whose picture, the police say, is in the Rogues' Gallery. The home of Mr. Gray is at No. 105 East Six-

teenth-st. Joseph Skelly, of No. 404 East Ninetyfirst-st., an elevator man at No. 28 Union Square, was standing at the corner of Union Square at 2 o'clock, when he saw Higgins emerge from the The Gray family is away in the country. except the Assistant District Attorney. The house is boarded up, but is being looked after by a woman next door, who goes into the Gray home once in

while to see that everything is all right. This woman was making a round of the

TAMMANY PHILANTHROPY. | yesterday when she frightened the man at work. He darted out of the basement with a bundle under

He darted out of the basement with a bundle under his arm and his pockets buiging. Skelly saw him and he also saw the woman run out after him. She cried out as loudly as she could, "Stop thief! Stop thief!"

Higgins ran down Sixteenth-st. to Fourth-ave., and into that thoroughfare. Skelly dashed after him, and the people passing thereabouts joined in the chase. Policeman Fitzsimmons, of the East Twenty-second-st. station, joined in, and so did Policeman Kline, of the Fifth-st station.

The chase led down Fourth-ave., across crowded Fourteenth-st., and by the time Thirteenth-st. was reached more than five hundred persons, including many women, were following the burgiar. Skelly proved to be something of a sprinter, and he caught Higgins at Thirteenth-st. The your. nan struggled, but Policeman Flizsimmons came p in a second, and they held him. He had dropped his bundle, which was picked up, and he and the stolen projectly were taken to the East Twenty-second-st. The bundle contained fifteen fine napkins, three

which was picked up, and he are retry were taken to the East Twenty-second-st. police station.

The bundle contained fifteen fine napkins, three tableclotis and a cut glass jewel case with a sterling silver top, on which was engraved "G. H. G." It was found that the man had gained an entrance to the house by breaking a window in the basement. He had not had time to make a thorough search before he was disturbed.

Higgins was remanded by Magistrate Zeller in the Yorkville Court until this morning.

Among the oilicers examined were Sergeant O'Sullivan and Doorman Carroll, who were in the East-one-hundred-and-twenty-sixth-st. po-

the East-one-hundred-and-twenty-sixth-st, po-lice station when the negro made his escape, and Sergeant Townsend and Doorman Sharpe, who allowed the Italians to get out of the West Forty-seventh-st. station. At the conclusion of the investigation President York said the Committee on Rules and Discipline would make a report as to the investigation. He declined to report as to the investigation. He declined to say if anything further would be done. The trials of Doormen Carroll and Sharpe will be held at 1 o'clock Monday afternoon next.

It is understood that the Committee on Rules and Discipline will report in favor of preferring charges against several others besides Carroll and Sharpe.

DECORATIONS TOO COSTLY.

PLANS FOR THE INTERIOR OF THE NEW HALL OF RECORDS SENT BACK

TO THE ARCHITECT. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment held a long session yesterday in the Mayor's office, President Feitner of the Tax Department was

On a motion of the Mayor the Board sent back to John R. Thomas, the architect of the new Hall of Records, his plans and specifications for the inerior decorations of the hall as too costly. request of the Mayor Messrs. Horgan & Slattery ent over the plans and sent to him a long letter showing where morey could be saved without injury to the general plan of the decoration. Their estimate of the amount needed to secure a thoroughly satisfactory result was \$1.475,000.

Thomas protested earnestly against any alteration in his plans, and declared that he had spent two years on them and had made the interior of the building conform to the exterior. The Mayor retorted that \$1,600,000 was worth saving, and that he thought less extravagant work would answer the purpose equally well.

sident Guggenhelmer and Mr. Coler agreed with him, but Mr. Whalen protested. He said the public buildings of New-York are a disgrace, and that it was about time that the greatest city in the world should have some public buildings commensurate with its greatness. The Mayor's motion prevalled, however, Mr. Whalen alone voting no. In the course of the discussion the Mayor said he hoped that before his administration is ended the ity will have begun the erection of a building designed to accommodate all the city departments.

Two forms of contract submitted by Commis-sioner McCartney as to the removal of ice and snow were referred to the Corporation Counsel that might insert a provision that the contractor should pay the men working for him not less than \$2 a day each. The forms of contract differed as to how payment should be made for the snow re-One suggested that the contractor receive pay according to the number of loads dumped, and the other that the snowfall should be estimated

property taken for street openings and park improvements.

A letter from Police Captain Michael Sheehan asking that he be reimbursed \$1.040 expended in defending himself from charges of neglecting to close policy shops in his precinct made in 1897 was referred to the Corporation Counsel.

These amounts were granted in response to a requisition of the Board of Education: For repairs to School No. 84, in Brooklyn, \$22.557; for School No. 138, in The Bronx, \$17.688, and for Schools Nos. 11 and 12. in Richmond, \$41.382. A resolution of the same Board asking for \$200,000 to secure the site adjoining the new hall of the Board of Education was sent back for further particulars and information. A communication from the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences asking for \$200,000 to continue the work on the new museum was referred to the Commissioner on Public Buildings, Lighting and Supplies.

CADETS MAY RECEIVE VISITORS.

THE TRAINING SHIP ANNAPOLIS WILL PROBABLY GO TO THE TOMPKINSVILLE AN-CHORAGE TO-DAY.

senior class of cadets from the United States Naval by the outbreak of scarlet fever there, is lying off Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. The ship was closed to visitors yesterday, but it is understood that they will be admitted to-day. The Annapolis will remain here until Monday, and will probably go to the an-chorage off Tompkinsville to-day. It is the inten-tion to have the cadets visit the Navy Yard before

RELEASED FROM HOFFMAN ISLAND.

QUARANTINE OF LIEUTENANTS MOSES AND WILDMAN REMOVED.

Among those who were released yesterday from Hoffman Island, where they had been detained for observation on the arrival of the New-York and W. Moses, second Heutenant of the 3d Cavalry, who has been paymaster in Havana, with the rank of major. He paid off the Cuban Army in Havana Province between May 27 and July 1, and also paid off the Fifth Army Corps in Matanzas and in the Province of Havana, giving to 3,671 men \$75 each. the Second Balloon Corps at Tampa, and who was the Second Bailoon Corps at Tampa, and who was chief Signal Service officer on General Lee's staff in Cuba, was also released. He was in charge of all telegraphic and telephonic service in Pinar del Rio and Havana provinces. Leeutenant Wildman was in the hospital during part of May and June at Quemados, suffering from typhoid fever. He has been assigned to the staff of General Merritt, on Governor's Island.

GERMAN LLOYD GETS A NEW PIER.

NO LONGER EXPECTED TO REMOVE FROM HO

The pier and water front at Fourth-st. Hoboken. have been purchased by the North German Lloyd Steamship Company from Campbell & Coy, ject to the lease of the Scandinavian-American Steamship Company. Mr. Campbell, when questioned as to the price paid, said he was not at liberty to give it. The North German Lloyd company's managers recently said that unless they could secure more pier room they would be compelled to move to New-York City, but it is now believed that the company has ample accommodations for its steamships.

WOMAN STEERAGE PASSENGER ROBBED. When the steamship Pennsylvania, of the Ham burg-American Line, reached her dock at Hoboken yesterday afternoon it was learned that Gertle Saharktowa, a Russian woman, who was a steerage passenger, had been robbed of \$1970 in Russian ev on Tuesday last. Detective Weinthal went on board, and the woman told him that she was on her way to Rochester in search of her husband. He had left her and her three children in Russia He had left her and her three children in Russia some years ago, and she had heard that he was in Rochester and had come to find him. The money she had was partly in rubles and a small amount in a check, and she kept it in one of her stockings. Nine other women occupied the same compartment as Mrs. Saharktowa, and they, as well as a second cabin male passenger who was frequently seen in the steerage, were searched, but no trace of the money or check could be found. Payment on the check has been stopped.

CANADIAN STEAMER AGROUND.

the check has been stopped.

Cornwall, Ont., July 13.-The steamer Spartan, of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, ran aground last night near Summerstown. Several powerful tugs have gone to her assistance.

despaired of. Mr. Ives was stricken with paralysis while or the way from the Pacific Coast.

DOES NOT INTEND TO MOVE.

FALL RIVER LINE PERFECTLY SATISFIED WITH ITS NORTH RIVER PIERS.

The report that the Fall River Steamboat Line the big drydock near Rutgers Slip, East River, for the purpose of erecting plers there, to be used in place of those it now occupies in the North River,

is denied by officers of the company. "Any such desire is news to us," said Mr. Taygeneral passenger agent, yesterday. to put it in another way, the rumor is untrue. We are well satisfied where we are."

J. Sergeant Cram, president of the Dock Board, said yesterday, when spoken to on the subject, that for a long time he had been of the opinion that the piers of Sound steamboats should be in the East River, not only to relieve the frequent congestion around the Battery, but also for the purpose of averting accidents which might result from the crowded conditions which prevail at that point, "And I believe the entire Board agrees with me,"

River piers to Sound steambout companies. So far no application has been received by us from the Fall River Line to lease plers in the East River. We are now building eleven new plers in the neighborhood of the site of the drydock, and we have received applications for the lease of some of them from steamship companies in the West India and "As I have said, we would like to see all the

"As I have said, we would like to see all the Sound boats start from the East Side, but the managers of some of them do not favor the idea. They say that as the larger part of their freight consists of manufactures destined for the drygoods district, their present location is more convenient.

It is the purpose of the Dock Board to improve the East Side water front considerably. South-st. is to be widened to 125 feet, and a bulkhead wall will be built along the strips between the slips. The new plers proposed and in course of construction will permit of the docking of large steamers, as they will have a depth of water in front of them of thirty feet at low tide. It is the intention to have condemned the property between Pike and Market slips, now owned by the Screw Dock Company, and to erect four piers on that site. The improvements planned so far embrace the section extending between Ruigers and Catharine slips, a distance of about a third of a mile.

It is predicted that the improvements will pay the city from 10 to 12 per cent on the investment.

TROLLEY ROAD AGREEMENTS.

PORTIONS OF BROADWAY TO BE USED BY THIRD-AVE, AND METROPOLITAN.

As a fresh item of news, it was reported yesterday that the Third-ave, and Metropolitan companies had entered into an agreement whereby the latter is to have the use of the Third Avenue company's tracks from Fifty-ninth to Sixty-fifth st. as soon as the electrical equipments are The situation regarding this portion of Broadway has already been told. The Metropolitan company owns the tracks in Broadway from Sixty-fifth to Seventy-first st., over which the Third Avenue cars were allowed to run under a temporary agreement. That agreement has been made a permanent one and in return the Metropolitan obtained the right to operate its cars on the Third Avenue tracks from -that is, each company will have its own slot, with the necessary transmitting apparatus, but the tracks will be used in common by both companies. Regarding the assertion recently made that nego-tiations are going on for a joint use by the com-panies of the Amsterdam-ave, tracks, H. H. Vree-

The report is untrue. No such negotiations are progress. The situation there is unchanged."

An official of the Third Avenue Railroad Company onfirms the report that the directors are considering the advisability of equipping the Drydock, East Broadway and Battery line with storage battery

WHAT FORMS A "TEMPORARY RESIDENCE."

BOARD OF CLASSIFICATION UPHOLDS THE DE-CISION OF THE COLLECTOR ASSESSING DUTY ON A PAINTING.

The Board of Classification of the United States General Appraisers yesterday announced a decision which bears on the question as to what consti-tutes a "temporary residence" abroad. The Collector at this port assessed a duty of 20 per cent ad valorem on a painting by D. D. Dare, an American artist, temporarily living in Athens, This assessment was at the regular rate for paintings, under Paragraph 434 of the Dingley tariff. The United States Express Company, representing the importer, protested, asserting that the painting was entitled to free admission under the painting was entitled to free admission under Paragraph 703, which gives free entry to paintings by American artists "residing temporarily abroad." In this case, however, all the proof was a brief affidavit by Mr. Dare, in which he stated that his home was in Philadelphia, but that he had started for Athens in May, 1891, and that the painting in question had been produced while in Athens. No mention is made as to any intention of returning to this country at any time.

Judge Somerville, who writes the opinion of the Beard, says that Mr. Dare's affidavit is not suffi-

Judge Somerville, who writes the opinion of the Board, says that Mr. Dare's affidavit is not sufficient to establish the claim of "temporary residence." The affidavit is simply the ordinary formation used in such cases, and after such a long absence as eight years more detailed information would be needed to prove that such foreign residence is "temporary." The decision of the Collector is therefore affirmed.

THE SOCIALIST LABOR RUMPUS.

As a result of the trouble which has of late torn asunder the ranks of the Socialist Labor party the De Leon faction has removed the plant of "The People" from "The Volks-Zeltung" Building, and announce that an edition of the paper would hereafter be issued from No. 61 Beekman-st. A policeman was on guard at the late rooms of the De Leon faction, on the third floor of "The Volks-Zeitung" Building, yesterday to prevent any more of the property being taken away. After the fight on Saturday night at the Labor Lyceum, No. 64 Fourth-st., where the members of the party had assembled to elect officers, the De Leon faction, which was worsted in the fight, from all accounts, took everything out of the headquarters that was

"The Volks-Zeitung" Publishing Company, which leased the rooms to the Socialists, declares that the De Leon people took things away that didn't be-De Leon people took things away that didn't belong to them. It has instructed its attorney to bring replevin proceedings against De Leon and his supporters, and it also proposes to print "The People" from "The Volks-Zeitung" Building. If this is done there will be two editions of "The People" issued. "The People" is the English organ of the party.

There were about a dozen of the De Leon faction gathered in the old rooms in "The Volks-Zeitung" Building yesterday casting feroclous glances at Policeman Hallen, of the Oak-st, station, who was on guard.

AN ALLEGED CHEMICAL DISCOVERY. Washington, July 13.-Professor Theodore Olan Swede, who is also a chemist, declares that he has found a new agent, which he calls tauric acid. He says that it is derived from a common lichen known as "tauric moss." The most remarkable property of this substance, according to Professor Olan, is that it will soften various hard metals to the consistency of putty. He says that gold, silver, aluminum and lead become as soft as dough when treated with tauric acid. The same is true, he says, of steel, although for some mysterious reason iron does not respond to its influence.

BOSTON BANK ROBBER SENTENCED.

Boston, July 13.-Philip Lambele, alias George Schey, of Chicago, charged with taking \$10,000 from the desk of the paying teller of the Metropolitan National Bank on June 22, pleaded guilty before Judge Richardson in the Superior Criminal Court to-day, and he was sent to State Prison for a term of not less than two and a half nor more than three and a half years.

THE SQUADRON AT PORTLAND, ME. Portland, Me., July 12.—The vessels of the North Atlantic Squadron were officially visited by Mayor Robinson and Collector of Customs Milliken to-Chairman Dow, of the Board of Aldermen day. Chairman Dow, of the Board of Aldermen, and President Brown, of the Common Council, and members of a committee who have charge of the entertainment of the fleet, accompanied the head officials. Captain Taylor received his guests on board the battle ship Indiana, after which luncheon was served.

This afternoon there was a ball game at the Portland grounds between the teams from the Indiana and the New-York. Later the Board of Trade took about fifty officers of the fleet on a sail down the harbor, landing at Peak's Island, where dinner was served. This evening the party attended the theatre.

GUN CAPTAIN'S HEAD CRUSHED. New-Bedford, Mass., July 13.-Ernest Rupert Sherwin, of Springfield, Vt., a gun captain on the monitor Amphitrite, was instantly killed to-day by having his head crushed as the breech of a gun was being depressed.

DATE FOR MASSACHUSETTS CONVENTION. Boston, July 13 -At a meeting of the Republican W. B. IVES REPORTED DYING.
Ottawa, July 15.—W. B. Ives, former president of the Privy Council, is seriously ill, and his life is despaired of. Mr. Ives was stricked coast.

BARRING OUT STOCKS.

THE POSITION OF THE NEW-YORK LIFE EXPLAINED.

VICE-PRESIDENT PERKINS SAYS THE COMPANY WANTS BUSINESS IN PRUSSIA-OTHER COM-

PANIES TO HOLD THEIR STOCKS. George W. Perkins, one of the vice-presidents

of the New-York Life Insurance Company, explained yesterday his company's reason for deciding to invest money no longer in stocks, and not to lend money upon that form of security in the future. He said, in the first place, that this step had not been taken hastily, but that President McCall's policy for years had trended in that direction, and that the company had been gradually decreasing its holdings in stocks until now its total assests of that kind amounted to about \$4,000,000 only. These will not be thrown on the market in a lump, but will be gradually sold till all are gone.

In the second place, the New-York Life wants to resume business in Prussia, and the Prussian laws forbid a life insurance company from dealing in stocks.

In the third place, the present management of the New-York Life believes that the stability and soundness of the company will be increased by such a step.

Mr. Perkins was asked if the officials of the

Mr. Perkins was asked if the officials of the New-York Life would in their individual and private capacities retain a controlling interest in the stock of the New-York Security and Trust Company, now held by the New-York Life. He said he did not know. At the office of the Mutual Life, which is also credited with a desire to resume business in

credited with a desire to resume business in Prussia, and which is said to hold stocks to the Prussia, and which is said to hold stocks to the value of over \$32,000,000, a brief statement was given out, which said: "The Mutual Life has not the slightest idea of selling its stocks, and will not adopt any such course." That was all the officials would say. The Equitable Life Assurance Society is cred-

The Equitable Life Assurance Society is credited with possessing stocks worth more than \$17,000,000, and declares that it does not want to do business in Prussia at all. The actuary of this company told a Tribune reporter yesterday that the management of his company considered some stocks to a much safer investment than some bonds, and would continue the same policy that it had adopted in the past with regard to such securities. "If lending on the security of stocks," said he, "is unsafe, then most of our great banking institutions are doing most of our great banking institutions are doing

STRIKING GLASSBLOWERS RIOT.

NON-UNION MEN ATTACKED ON THEIR

ARRIVAL AT BRIDGETON, N. J. Bridgeton, N. J., July 12.-The arrival of fifteen on-union glasshlowers here to-day was the cause of an outbreak on the part of the strikers, and the residents are apprehensive of more serious trouble The strangers came from Indiana over the New-Jersey Central Railroad, and two women accompanied the party.

They were met at the station by a large crowd of strikers, who immediately stormed the train and captured the non-union men. Manager O. G. King. of the Cumberland Glass Works, who was in charge of the new arrivals, was hit on the head with a brick and badly injured. The glass in the doors and windows of the car in which the non-union men were riding was shattered, and a back waiting at the station for the mail was wrecked by the strikers in the belief that it was to take Manager King to the works. The non-union men were sent away by the strikers on the noon train. Several of

away by the strikers on the noon train. Several of them, the strikers say, have been here before, and were sent away in the same manner. It is said they come simply to get money from the union as an inducement to leave.

The Mayor has sworn in six extra policemen. He says the manufacturers have heretofore notified him of the expected arrival of non-union men. Had they done so in this instance he would have had a sufficient number of policemen at the station to have prevented the disorderly acts of the strikers and their sympathizers.

have prevented the disorderly acts of the strikers and their sympathizers. Manager King, of the Cumberland company, who was struck with a brick and other missiles, is confined to his house with a badly cut head and other wounds. John Triance, an employe of the Cumberland company, was severely wounded, as was also a Philadelphia detective who accompanied the non-union men here. A local policeman finally rescued them from the angry hob which was assaling them.

SOUTHERN FURNACES COMBINING.

ACTIVE OPERATIONS IN BIRMINGHAM PIG IRON DISTRICT.

Birmingham, Ala., July 13 (Special).-The Birmingham district is the scene of active combina-tions in the pig iron business. The most interesting one now forming is the consolidation of the Sloss pany and the Gulf Coal and Coke Company, of Walker County. The Sloss company has four furnaces in full operation and immense coal and ore mines and coke properties. Also included in this combination are the Hattle Ensley Furnace, at Sheffield, and the Philadelphia Furnace, at Flor-These properties will certainly be in the combination, which is now being organized in New-York City. It is also stated in business circles that the Alabam Coal and Iron Company will be in the consolidation. This company is a recently formed consolidation

of the Clifton Iron Company, with two blast furnaces at Ironton; the furnaces at Gadsden, the Mary Pratt Furnace Company, at Birmingham; the properties of the Richmond Williams syndicate at Gate City and the Standard Coal Company, with large coal mines and coke oven plants at Brook-wood, Bibb County. This syndicate has issued its prospectus. It is capitalized at \$5,000,000, and T. G. Bush, former president of the Mobile and Birming ham Railroad, is president, with F. M. Jackson, general manager of the Standard Coal Company, as general manager. In the Sloss consolidation the Sloss company is to lose its identity and the syndicated properties will be operated under a new name. It is said that Mr. Brown, of Rogers, Brown & Co., will be general manager. The Sloss and Alabama consolidations combined will give a total of ten biast furnaces, with a daily capacity of eighteen hundred tons of pig iron and seven thousand to eight thousand tons of coal and coke, sufficient to operate all the furnaces and make it the only serious competitor in the South of the Tennessee Coal, iron and Railroad Company.

To-day President R. S. Warner and other high officials of the Republic Iron and Steel Company completed their inspection of their Birmingham district properties, which include the rolling mill at Gate City, the rolling mill at Birmingham and the blast furnace of the Pioneer Mining and Manufacturing Company at Thomas. These properties are now formally in the hands of the Republic company and in full operation. general manager of the Standard Coal Company

NO CANDY TRUST AT PRESENT.

Frontenac, N. Y., July 13.-After various informaonferences held between the manufacturing confectioners of the United States in convention here it was practically decided to-day that the projected combination could not be pulled through. York broker who for several months has been try ing to create the so-called "candy trust" came here on that errand, but it was almost unanimously stated to-day that an amaigamation of the large wholesalers was impracticable for the present.

Nearly all the large houses in New-York, Chicago,
Baltimore, Boston and other cities had given options upon their plants, but these options expired
July L.

INCORPORATED IN DELAWARE. Dover, Del., July 13 (Special).-The Secretary of State this afternoon granted a certificate of inco poration to the Locomotive Smoke Preventer Corpany, of New-York. The capital stock is \$6,000,000.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS. San Francisco, July 13 - The official closing quotation for mining stocks to day and yesterday were as follows: Wednes- Thurs

Alta
Alpha Con ...
Anles
Belcher
Best & Belcher
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LABOR COMMISSIONERS MEET.

Augusta, Me., July 13.-The fifteenth annual con vention of National Labor Commissioners was opened here to-day, with Carroll D. Wright, head of the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics presiding. Twenty-one Commissioners, or members of the department, were present from fifteen States, as follows: Maine, New-Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New-York, Pennsylvania, Missouri, Illinois, Michigan, Virginia, Indiana, Minnesota, North Carolina, Kansas and Wisconsin

SOLDIERS BEAT A POLICEMAN.

SERIOUS AFFAIR AT FORT WADSWORTH, IN WHICH A TROLLEY CONDUCTOR,.

ALSO, IS INJURED. Patrolman James Wall, of the Eightieth Precinct. Staten Island, and George B. McHenry, a conductor on the Staten Island Electric Railroad were badly beaten by soldiers at Fort Wadsworth early yesterday morning. The car left South Beach at 1:30 o'clock, and a short distance above two soldiers jumped on board. The conductor asked for their fares, which they refused to pay. Patrolman Wall was standing on his post in that neighborhood, and the conductor appealed to him When the soldiers saw the police Henry asked the policeman to remain on the car would get off. He did so, and the soldiers left the car, as anticipated.

them, John Kelly, of Battery B, picked up a stone and hurled it at the car. Policeman Wall immediately gave chase to the men, one of whom turned and struck Wall a powerful blow in the face with his fist, knocking him down. Wall arose slightly dazed, and again started after the soldiers, He followed them inside the gate, but as soon as he passed the gate the soldiers turned on him, calling to the sentry and guards to help them. The men all responded, and set upon the police man, knocking him down and beating him terribly Conductor McHenry saw Wall's plight, and cam

Conductor McHenry saw Wall's plight, and came to his assistance. Although both Wall and McHenry are powerful men they were no match for the number against them, and they received a severe beating at the hands of the soldiers. Captain Whistier, the officer of the day, heard the noise, and came to the scene of the battle. He asked for an explanation, and finally ordered the arrest of Kelly, who had thrown the stone. He was placed in the guardhouse pending an investigation. Wall and McHenry demanded the arrest of the rest of the assailants, but this was reof the rest of the assaliants, but this was re-fused, and as they were within the limits of the fort the policeman was powerless to arrest the men and take them to the station. The affair was reported to the sergeant at the desk, and an appeal will be made to bring the offenders to

Wall and McHenry are laid up through the beat-ing they received, and Wall's face is black and

ARBITRATION IN LATIN AMERICA.

While the Peace Conference at The Hague was debating the question of international arbitration the Latin American countries were preparing to discuss what should be the status of foreigners, about whom the future arbitration tribunals may have to busy themselves. Of course, those tribunals would be guided and influenced in their decisions by the new status of foreign residents, who are considered by some Latin American governments as enjoying greater privileges than the natives and subjects of those governments. The question has

called the Cerruti affair, which lasted for nearly fif teen years, between Italy and the republic of Colom. tia, and which was submitted to the arbitration of President Cleveland. The history and the merity of that famous international case were repeatedly Cleveland's decision in favor of the Italian claim was executed only after many wrangles, which at one time brought about the presence of an Italian equadron in the waters of Colombia, which has finally paid up 100,000 francs of the Cerruit claim. The book of M. Bureau, which is devoted mainly to the consideration of the members of the Peace Conference, is nearly, as says "Le Temps," an appeal to the tribunal of public opinion. It tries to show that in regard to international decisions of arbitration the superstitious and blind respect for cases is a thing of the past: "Res judicata provertiate non habetur." M. Bureau was preceded in his opposition to the Cerruit award by an Italian Senator. Signor Pierantoni, whose opinion cannot be suspected of partiality, since he attacks a decision favoring an Italian claim. At any rate, the Colombian protest and appeal contained in the

tional law at the Catholic Institute of Paris. He

xplains the diplomatic and judicial imbroglio

SLIGHTLY UNDER THE TWO MILLION MAPK BY DIRECTORY FIGURES.

Its estimate of the city's population is 1,942,000

PORT HENRY IRON MINES REPORTED SOLD Plattsburg, N. Y., July 13,-It is reported on good authorityy that the American Steel and Wire Company has purchased the iron mines and mining property of Witherbee, Sherman & Co., at Port Henry. Essex County. The price paid is said to

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A DVERTISEMENTS and subscriptions for The Tribune received at their Uptown Office. No. 1.242 Broadway, 2d door north of 31st-st., until 8 o'clock p. m.; advertisements received at the following branch offices at regular office rates until 8 o'clock p. m., viz.; 254 8th-ave., s. oc. 234-34; 152 6th-ave., cor. 12th-st.; Macy's, 6th-ave.

decision favoring an Italian claim. At any rate, the Colombian protest and appeal contained in the hook, which the Bogota Government officially ordered from M. Bureau, is intended evidently to prepare Europe to consider favorably the new international policy, the adoption of which is under discussion in Latin America. Colombia complains that the sentence rendered did, not leave any recourse against its violent execution on the part of Italy in order to guard in the future against the common peril caused to weak States by claims of foreign residents. The Legislative Assembly at Barrander and the convocation of a Latin American congress, in view of establishing a common entente of the Latin republics in regard to the judicial status of foreigners established in their territory. CHICAGO'S POPULATION.

Company officials have added 3,400 names to the the new City Directory, to be issued next week. This is 5,000 more names than appeared in the population of the city from the directory figures the company has taken the most conservative view of the increase, and has put the population at less than three and one-half inhabitants for every di-

whereas the estimate given on the basis of 560,000 whereas the estimate given on the basis of 22,300 mark. Some census officials estimate the total population at 4.56 times the number of names listed in the directory, which is even greater than the figures printed on Sunday. The directory company's officials make their population estimate from the United States census of 1500 and the averages of increase in directory names since then. The directory probably will be issued next Wednesday.

press of Central and South America, and the arguments have been condensed in a book recently published by Paul Bureau, professor of interna-

The News in Little FEW small jottings of many large opportunities; half-

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